No. 15,455.

WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 8, 1902-SIXTEEN PAGES.

TWO CENTS.

# PRESIDENT A FIREMAN

Elected an Honorary Member of B. of L. F.

### A PLEASING FUNCTION

HE THANKED THE MEMBERS FOR THE HONOR.

After This He Delivered an Address to the General Public in

Hall.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., September 8 .-President Roosevelt today was elected an honorary member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen. He attended the executive session of the order in the morning. walking from the hotel to the Auditorium. a distance of few blocks, escorted by Grand Master Sargent, a committee of the brotherhood and a detachment of Troop B, State

The brotherhood first held its executive session, which the President attended. Acting Grand Master Hannahan welcomed the President, stating that his attendance at the convention would do great good to organized labor, not only in this country, but in Canada and other countries as well.

The President returned his thanks for the welcome and said he was glad to be with the brotherhood. He said the firemen's brotherhood was the result which naturally comes from the application of the principle of common sense to their work. He said that organized labor never had made an unreasonable request of him and that if it had he would have denied it. In speaking of the appointment of Grand Master Sargent of the Brotherhood to be commissioner general of immigration, the President said it was one of the most satisfactory appointments to him and to the public he had ever made; that Mr. Sargent has a hard body and not a soft head.

#### Honorary Membership Conferred.

John F. McNamee of Columbus, Ohlo, one of the grand officers and a democratic member of the legislature, moved that the degree of grand honorary membership be conferred upon President Roosevelt. The motion was referred to the committee on constitution and by-laws, whose recommendation was unanimous that the motion The President thanked the convention for

the compliment paid him, and Grand Mas-ter Sargent then gave his a pass which admits him to all meetings of the brother-

until 9 o'clock tomorrow morning and the public was admitted to the auditorium to hear the President's address. While the audience was being seated the band renthe President and the others in the hall rising.

Mayor Chambliss delivered a short address of greeting, in which he welcomed to Chattanooga all the firemen, "whether they came from Canada, Mexico or Oyster Bay." After an address of welcome in behalf of the state by Governor McMillin and an address by Grand Master Sargent, inter-spersed with music, President Roosevelt was introduced by Acting Grand Master Hannahan. His reception was most en-thusiastic, the audience rising to its feet and cheering. When the President addressed the convention as "My brothers" he was cheered again. He said he was glad to be here, and joined with the others in extendng a cordial welcome to the visitors from Canada and Mexico. He needed no presslag, he said, to come to this meeting.

#### Admiration for Railroad Men. "I always have, gentlemen, admired

greatly the railroad men of the country, and I do not see how any one who believes in the fundamental principles of citizenship can fail to do so." He compared the railread men to soldiers, who are accustomed to taking risks, acting on their own initiative and obeying orders. In raising his own regiment, he said, he got a number of railroad men. Of course, the first requisite was that a man should know how to ride and how to shoot. Giving them these two qualifications, he found there was no be ...er group from which soldiers could be drawn than railread men.

The President said he hoped and believed that the danger of war would be less in the future than it has in the past. At the opening of the twentieth century we face conditions vastly changed from a century ago. We, as a people, find awaiting us problems which need our best thoughts to solve them. The President referred to the good work accomplished by the Brotherhood of

### Believes in Organized Labor.

"I believe emphatically," he said, "in organized labor. The worth of an organization depends upon its being handled with the courage, the skill, the wisdom, the spirit of fair dealing as between man and man, and the wise self-restraint which I am glad to be able to say your brotherhood has

The President spoke of the necessity of work. "I pity the creature who does not work," he said, "at whichever end of the social scale he may regard himself as being." He said the law of work well done secures the successful American life. Discussing the benefits which have grown out of the organization of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, the President said the brotherhood does much for all firemen, but he firmly believed that the individual fireman, since the growth of the brother-hood, had been more, not less, efficient than

he was twenty years ago.
"A great deal can be accomplished," he said, "by working each for all and all for each, but we must not forget that the first requisite in accomplishing that is that each man should go on and work for others by working for himself.

'I feel that organizations like yours have a tonic effect upon the whole body politic.

It is a good thing that there should be a large body of our fellow citizens who exercise the old qualities of courage, daring and resolute, unflinching willingness to meet danger at need and that the state of the state o danger at need, and that there should be a profession whose members must, year in and year out, display these qualities. I hope to see all our people develop the s fter, gentler virtues to an ever increasing degree, but I hope never to see them lose the sterner virtues that make men

### Problem of Good Citizenship.

"The problem of good citizenship is a problem of producing good men and women. All the organizations in the world won't make a coward and a shirk a good engineer or a good fireman, and the best constitution will work but ill if we have not in the average citizen something that stands as far above intellect as intellect does above mere brute strength-character that is composed of honesty, of courage and of hard common sense.

The President told of his trip over the battlefield of Chickamauga yesterday, and drew a lesson of the heroism shown by the armies of the north and south. The men

in death, let one monument perpetuate their deeds and one people, forgetful of all asperities, forever holding in grateful re-membrance all the glories of that terrible conflict which made all men free and reained every star on the nation's flag." "That is a good sentiment, that is a sen-

timent by which we can all stand. "And, oh, my friends, that sentiment has as its underlying spirit a spirit of brother-hood. I firmly believe in my countrymen, and therefore, I believe that the chief thing necessary in order that they should work together is that they should know one another; that the men north should know the southerners; that the men of one occu pation should know the men of another oc rupation; so we may all realize that the things that divide us are superficial, are inimportant, and that we are and ever must be knit together into one indissoluble mass as the President concluded he was round-

#### The Route Home.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., September 8.-The President will be in Knoxville at 3 o'clock this afternoon and will arrive at Asheville, N. C., at 8:30 tomorrow morn-

Eulogy on President McKinley. In the Union station in Columbus, Ohio

when the President reached there Saturday, he responded to the calls of the crowd as

"I want to thank you for coming here. It is just a year ago that Ohio's great President was shot, and it is an anniversary that is fitted to make all of us think very solemnly both of what the country lost in his death and of what the country owed to his life. President Mc-Kinley had become the President of the entire country, so that Ohio could claim him no more than all the rest of us, and when he died his character and his poli-cies had so impressed themselves upon the nation as a whole that in the broadest and fullest sense he had become the President of no party and no section, but of the people throughout the length and breadth of our Union. It is a good thing for us now, a year after he was shot, to think of what he did and try to keep ourselves up to his standard. "I thank you most heartly for giving me the chance to see you. I am obliged to you for your greeting."

#### TURNING IN FOR REPAIRS.

Naval Vessels to Prepare for Winter

Maneuvers-Movements of Vessels. Now that the joint maneuvers are at an end the vessels of the "hostile" fleet are turning in at our navy yards for repairs. The Navy Department was informed today of the arrival of the battle ships Kearsarge, Alabama and Massachusetts and the cruiser Brooklyn at Tompkinsville, en route to the New York yard, where they will be overhauled and put in shape for the extensive be accepted. The report of the committee was adopted unanimously by rising vote January. The cruiser Olympia and the gunboat Scorpion will lay up at Boston for the same purpose. The torpedo boat flotilla left New York this morning for Norfolk. The fleet consists of the Bailey, Bagley, Biddle, Shubrick, Stockton and Wilkes. The Navy Department is informed that

gunboat Albany has left Plymouth, England, for Gibraltar, to join the other vessels of the European squadron, all of which are under orders to return to the United States in time to participate in the extensive maneuvers in the West Indies in the coming winter.

The training ship Alliance has left Algiers for Funchal and the Rainbow has left

Hong Kong for Cavite.
The Navy Department has been informed by Commander McCrea of the gunboat Machias of that vessel's arrival at Boston. where the ship will go out of commission and be cleaned up and repaired. The Machias has served an unusually long tour of duty in the tropics and is naturally in a The Navy Department received a cablegram today from Rear Admiral Frank Wildes, junior squadron commander on the Asiatic station, announcing his departure yesterday from Hong Kong, China, bound for Cavite, P. I., aboard his flagship Rain-

### SENATOR J. K. JONES.

He Thinks the Trusts Have Made Democratic Votes.

Senator J. K. Jones of Arkansas, chairman of the democratic national committee, arrived in the city today and at once went to his committee room at the Capitol. He was very busy during the day attending to correspondence which awaited him here, and this afternoon left for New York. Senator Jones is feeling confident that the

coal trust and the beef trust have made many votes for democratic candidates. "The trust question has been brought home to the people," he said when seen by a Star reporter today. "The beef trust and the coal trust have shown the result of the

republican policy. Do you think voters intend to cast their ballots against republican nominees because of the beef combine and the coal strike," Mr. Jones was asked.

"I have reason to think they will. They will show their fear of republican policies the outcome of which is shown in the autoeratic rule by the people in the control of the necessaries of life, and they will vote to put a democratic House of Representatives in power in order to check this ten dency. i believe we will make great gains in the coming election."

### CRUISE OF THE HARTFORD.

She Will Sail on the 25th to Be Gone About Seven Months.

Commander Wm. H. Reeder, commanding the appretice ship Hartford, was at the Navy Department today conferring with the officials regarding the winter cruise of that vessel. The Hartford is now at New York undergoing repairs and will start on her cruise on the 25th instant. She will be gone about seven months and will visit ports in England, France and along the Mediterranean and Caribbean seas. Com-mander Reeder says that the Hartford is in fine condition and is sound as a dollar.

#### ADMIRAL RODGERS' NEW DUTIES Will Be Assigned to Command of the

New York Navy Yard. It is understood to be the present intention of the Navy Department to assign Rear Admiral Frederic Rodgers, who for nearly two years has been in command of the United States naval forces in the east, to the command of the New York navy yard upon his return to this country. In that case Admiral Rodgers will relieve Rear Admiral A. S. Barker, who, it is also understood, will be assigned to the com-mand of the North Atlantic station when Rear Admiral Higginson's term of sea duty

### DROPPED FROM THE ROLLS.

Lieut. Wiggins Has Not Been Heard From for Three Months.

Having been borne upon the register of the War Department since June 7 as "whereabouts unknown, absent without who composed these armies, he said, possessed the requirements of which good c'tizens are made. He referred to the inscription on the monument raised by Kentucky leave," the name of Second Lieut. Robert H. Wiggins of the 4th Cavalry has been finally dropped from the rolls as a deserter. Wiggins was on duty at Fort Riley, Kan., Raleigh.

Mr. Harry Alexander of New York and Mr. Herry M. E. C. Platt of Kansas City, Mo., are at the New Williard. Mr. N. M. Doran of Philadelphia and Mr. Henry M. Laughlin of Florida are at the Raleigh.

at the War Department as to the nature of the charges that had been placed against his name. They were never reported to the War Department, and the only information that has been received at the department was the fact of his imprisonment and later his escape. He eluded the vigil of the guard one night several months ago by substituting a dummy in his cot.

Nothing has been heard from Wiggins since, and the law in such cases, which provides that if an officer has not been heard from within three months he shall be dropped from the rolls, has been carried out in his case.

#### GOLD IN THE TREASURY.

More Than Ever Before in the History of the Country.

The sum of gold now in the United States treasury exceeds that of any previous time in the history of the country, and, with one possible exception, it exceeds that of any country at any time in the history of the world. The single reported exception is that of Russia about eight years ago, when that country was preparing to resume gold payments. At that time Russia is said to have had in its treasury \$598,-000,000 in gold. Last Saturday the vaults of the United States treasury contained \$573,936,194, which is an increase since July 1, 1901, of \$79,087,897. This stock of gold is now being added to at the rate of from \$200,000 to \$300,000 a day, with no immediate prospect of a cessation in the rate of deposits. This condition of things is emi-nently satisfactory to the treasury officials, who regard it as the best possible evidence of prosperity and of confidence in the finan-cial stability of this country. The gold now coming in is being replaced by gold certifi-cate United States notes and silver certifi-cates the former being symplical where cates, the former being supplied where the denominations wanted are \$20 and over. United States notes are returned for the tens and silver certificates for twos and

#### RESPECT TO THE DEAD.

Order Regarding the Half-Masting of Flags on Army Transports.

Lieutenant General Miles, commanding the army, has issued an order providing that whenever a transport entering the harbor or in a harbor has on board the remains of a commissioned officer or a representative of the United States diplomatic or consular service, who has died en route, the flag shall be displayed at half mast until the remains have been removed to land. Whenever remains of officers, enlisted men or others are being transported as a part of cargo of the ship the flag will be half-masted only during the transfer of the bodies from the vessel and for one hour there-

#### THE SALE OF POISONS.

Regulations Promulgated by the King of Belgium.

In default of a special law, the King of Belgium has issued a royal decree regulating the sale and safe keeping of poisoning substances in that country, according to a the state to prevent radical legislation. report from United States Consul Roosevelt at Brussels, dated August 12, which was made public at the State Department today. One of the first regulations of the decree compels dealers of poisonous drugs and substances to store such articles apart and keep them separated from other supplies. especially those used for food. Poisonous substances must be delivered in receptacles or wrappers of such nature that their con-tents cannot escape, and strict provisions for registering each sale of poison are made. The decree goes into effect in three

### AGAIN AT HIS DESK.

Secretary Moody Discharging His Duties at the Navy Department.

Clear-eyed and tanned like a jackie, Secretary Moody entered again upon his duties at the Navy Department this morning, after his summer vacation. Quite a number of important matters which have been hanging fire during his absence awaited his action, besides the usual accumulation of routine affairs. Mr. Moody now expects to be in Washington permanently, contemplating no extensive trips out of town, and is pre-pared to settle down to the work of the fall

### NEW SURGEON GENERAL.

Gen. O'Reilly Enters Upon the Discharge of His Duties.

General R. M. O'Reilly, who succeeds General Wm. H. Forwood as surgeon general of the army, took the oath of office at noon yesterday, on the statutory retirement of the last-named officer, and entered formally on the discharge of the duties of his new office this morning. His desk was graced with a beautiful bouquet of red roses, the thoughtful gift of the employes of the surgeon general's office, and all the principal officers of the bureau called early to pay their respects to their new chief.

### MANY DROPPED OUT.

Failure of Candidates to Pass Examin-

ation for the Naval Academy. Out of a total of 300 candidates for appointment as midshipmen at the Naval Academy, who were recently examined in various parts of the country by the civil service commission, only about one-half were able to come up to the required standard for appointment. The other half dropped out after the first day of examination, fully convinced that they would not be able to pass. Heretofore these examinations have been conducted exclusively at Annapolis. Another examination of candidates will be held in this city the 15th of this

### Personal Mention.

Mr. George E. Corson of the War Department left yesterday for a two weeks' trip to Saratoga Springs, N. Y.; Providence, R. I., and Boston. Mr. J. P. Reed of the Treasury Depart-

ment has gone to Santa Fe, N. M., on business for the department. Justice Barnard of the Supreme Court of

the District of Columbia has returned to this city from an extended trip through Europe. He is enjoying perfect health. Justice Barnard will resume his seat on the bench next Wednesday, relieving Justice Anderson. The latter is to then depart for Mexico on business.

Mr. W. E. Hutchinson, superintendent of the United States court house, has returned from a month's stay in the mountains near Harper's Ferry, the outing hav-ing proved of great benefit to his health. Mr. W. Mosby Williams, after an ab-Mr. W. Mosby Williams, after an ab-sence of several weeks on vacation at his old home in Warren county, Va., has re-

Mr. George W. Wilson of St. Louis and Mr. Bruce G. Sturges of Boston are at the Arlington. Mr. Harry Alexander of New York and

Effort of Politicians to Settle Coal Strike.

OPERATORS HOLD

ANOTHER EFFORT IS BEING MADE TODAY.

This Proposes an Advance of 5 Per Cent to Strikers Who

NEW YORK, September 8.-It looks to-

But there is one ray of hope in the situation. A movement is on foot this afternoon to make one proposition which possibly might relieve the situation. I am not permitted to say who is backing it, but it has substantial support. The suggestion is that each railway president should offer an increase of 5 per cent in wages to those of his men who desire to go back to work, the increase to be granted individually and not through the union.

The proposition is opposed by some of the presidents and will have to be acted on in conference. Some of the most influential men in the operators' combination are opposed to the suggestion.

They want first to beat the strike, then when the men return to work of their own accord grant them an increase voluntarily, but totally ignoring the union. This is the

Senator Quay's ultimatum to the railway REPRESENTATIVE SMITH OF THE MAJ. DANIEL O'DRISCOLL KILLED residents has not thus far created much They are inclined to let him call his leg-

and they believe that a pressure could be brought to bear which would hold up such a measure indefinitely.

The movement to induce the railways to more will be heard of it during the week

#### TO STUDY MONT PELEE. Prof. Lacroix Will Head an Expedi-

PARIS, September 8.-The temps today published an interview with Professor Lacroix on his new mission to Martinique. He says he will start September 16, accompanied by several artillery officers. After a survey of the ground he will establish a number of posts of observation, supplied with proper instruments, in the neighborhood of the Mont Pelee volcano. These posts will be united by telephone with Fort de France, in order to give timely notice of threatening signs, and enable the authorities to take precautions. When this is done Lacroix will make a thorough examination of the entire zone threatened the volcano. He is unable to estimate the length of time which this work will take.

The Trouble at Cleveland, Ohio, is

Finally Settled. turned to their work. A number of tugs of the Great Lakes

#### COLORADO DEMOCRATS DIVIDED. Prospect of Lively Fight in Convention at Denver.

DENVER, September 8.-There promises dates are Samuel C. Spencer of Gunnison, Gen. Joseph Maupin of Fremont and R. H. Malone of Denver.

#### WILL CHALLENGE AGAIN. Sir Thomas Lipton Says He Will Mail

One Soon. ROTHESAY, Scotland, September 8.-In an interview here today with a representative of the Associated Press Sir Thomas Lipton informed the latter that he would mail a formal challenge for the America's cup to the New York Yacht Club within two or possibly three weeks. If, however, in the meantime, any British yachtsman or combination of yachtsmen challenged, they would have his cordial assistance and the use of the Shamrock I as a trial horse, absolutely free of cost. Sir Thomas Lipton added that the stories about his new boat being already half built

British Bluejacket Killed. LONDON, September 8.-Information has been received at the admiralty of a sharp fight in the Persian gulf between a boat's crew of the British gunboat Lapwing and a slave dhow. A bluejacket was killed and several were wounded.

# to the Union and confederate soldiers from that state who fell on that battlefield. He read the inscription as follows: He read the inscription as follows: He read the inscription as follows: | A confidence of the property of the court of the court

Return.

Special from a Staff Correspondent. day as if the efforts of the Pennsylvania politicians to coerce the railway presidents into a settlement of the strike would fail. The Lackawanna, the Ontario and Western and the Reading railways, through their respective presidents, are holding out against yielding to political pressure, and Mr. J. Pierpont Morgan, while earnestly desiring to end the strike, has not thus far driven them to opposite position.

#### Opposed by Some.

Coal is getting scarcer every day and prices will climb steadily. It is growing to be a serious situation for the householder

islature and try his hostile legislation. That is the sentiment of several of the railway presidents, as I know.

Think They Can Prevent Legislation. Then, railway presidents in defying the threats of the Pennsylvania politicians rely upon their ability to secure the influence of capital and industrial forces throughout

They realize that any bill passed must be of a general character, hitting all allke, grant an individual increase to men go-ing to work will be pushed vigorously, and

tion to Martinique.

### TUGMEN RETURN TO WORK.

CLEVELAND, September 8 .- Today, for the first time in many week, peace and good feeling was uppermost along the river docks in this city. Acting on the advice of Grand President McCarle of the Licensed Tugmen's Association the union tugmen re-

Towing Company were fully manned by The non-union men, who are displaced by the strikers, quietly left the docks and will seek other employment.

to be a warm fight in the democratic state convention, which meets in Denver tomorrow, over the nomination for governor. The leading candidates are Gov. James B. Orman, Judge E. C. Stinson of Cripple Creek and Judge Theron Stevens of Ouray. Orman will probably receive over 400 votes on the first ballot. To be renominated he must have 451 votes, and his opponents anticipate that he will lack the requisite number on the first ballot and will not be able to hold his forces together on subsequent ballots. More than 200 delegates are instructed for Stinson and 125 for Stevens. Other candi-

of this time practically lost. Favors a Young Man. "This same argument applies equally if not more strongly to Mr. Ferry. He is a man seventy-two years old, and although a man of prominence and standing, yet it seems to me to be a mistake to put such men into a place where for the good of the state, a young man should be placed. "Right on this point I feel strongly that the only policy for a state to successfully pursue in selecting her representatives in the national legislature is to get young and vigorous men at the beginning then keep them in the place until they have acquired the efficiency of long service, which is so essential for usefulness of that character."

> Fires in Pochahontas Mine Out. BRAMWELL, W. Va., September 8.-The fire in the west shaft of the Pocahontas Collieries Company is practically extinguished.

"NOW, WILL YOU BE GOOD," EYE ON THE SENATE MEETS AWFUL DEATH

ON RAILROAD. His Candidacy Announced - Gen. Al- | His Vehicle Run Down by B. and O. Engine at Lamond's

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

SECOND MICHIGAN DISTRICT.

ger and D. M. Ferry Also in Field

-Cuban Reciprocity Question.

death of Senator McMillan of that state.

In this connection Mr. Smith had an ex-

tended conference with Mr. W. B. Thomp-

After this conference Mr. Smith was

"Well," he remarked, "I am a candidate

for the Senate. Beyond that there is very

little for me to say, as it would not seem

exactly politic for me to say why I should

may be filled by a republican. There is not the slightest likelihood in the world, how-

ever, that such a contingency will arise, as Michigan is not going democratic. She

will send twelve men to Congress of the

Cuban Reciprocity.

subject to the front through resolutions which seemed to indorse the delegation in

Congress for the position it had maintained

his directly opposite position. This resolu-tion, however, was squelched absolutely.

Cuba is naturally ours, and after she has

tried her self-government for a satisfac-

tory time, she will naturally become a part

the Michigan senatorial situation.

Mr. Thompson was also seen regarding

"My position in the matter is simply

remarked in answer to a ques

this," he remarked in answer to a ques-tion. "Gen. Alger is a good man, and it would be a very nice compliment to pay him to send him to the Senate to fill out

the unexpired term of Senator McMillan, but Gen. Alger is sixty-seven years old.

He could vote with his party, but it is not reasonable to suppose that a man of his age could or would exercise the energy

necessary on the part of a new member of the Senate to place him in the influential

place required for the good of his state. Then, too, it would only be a question of a

few years when he would want to retire, and the work of breaking in another man

would have to be faced by the state and all

also to indorse President Roosevelt for

"How about Cuban reciprocity?"

asked to discuss the situation.

succeed in that ambition.

republican faith.'

Michigan.

Representative Henry C. Smith of the second Michigan district was in Washing-BOYD'S, Md., September 8.-Major Daniel ton today for the purpose of attending to O'Driscoll of Lamond's, D. C., met an awsome departmental matters and incidentally ful death there about 12:40 o'clock this afternoon. It is understood he was driving to do a little political work in connection with his candidacy for the seat in the across the Baltimore and Ohio tracks at partment that an aggressive campaign in Lamond's, where there is a crossing, just United States Senate made vacant by the below Takoma Park, when the first section of No. 2 train, engine 1313, running at a high rate of speed, struck him and his horse, both being killed instantly. Major son, formerly first assistant postmaster O'Driscoll's body was badly mutilated. He general, and who is at present incidentally was well known here, where he had made a the treasurer of the republican congresnumber of political speeches and was a sional campaign committee. Mr. Thompgentleman of prominence. He lived near son is a resident of Mr. Smith's district in

> Major O'Driscoll was an attorney of this city. The train which caused his death was due to arrive in Washington at 12:10, and at the time of the accident Major O'Driscoll was on his way to Washington. He had an office in the Columbian building on 5th street.
> It is not known just how the accident

other candidates-General Alger and D. M. Ferry of Detroit. I say this with the uncurve in the road at the point where he was killed, and it is possible that the unfortu-nate man did not hear the approach of the derstanding that the son of the late senator has withdrawn, as reported by the on-coming train, which was going at such "Governor Bliss has declared his intenspeed that it was not brought to a stand-still until it reached a point about half a tion to leave the matter of a successor to Senator McMillan to the legislature at its mile from the scene. The train was backed next regular session, provided the elections to where the body lay alongside of the tracks, but life was extinct and the train this fall do not develop a democratic majority, in which case he will call a special continued on its way to this city. The en-gine drawing the train was a ninety-ton afsession before the terms of the present members expire, so that the three remainfair and was numbered 1313. ing years in the term of the late senator A passenger who was on the train told

#### until it was too late to bring the train to a standstill, but he did not see any one with the team. The cowcatcher of the engine was wrecked by the force of the impact

a Star reporter this afternoon that the engineer said he did not see the vehicle

On Way to Keep an Appointment. "Cuban reciprocity is a subject which is Major O'Driscoll had an appointment with Col. Forrest Brown of Virginia in the fornot being discussed in Michigan. Neither the people nor the politicians are interested mer's office at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and in it in the least. The Michigan delegation was on his way to keep the appointment. By a strange coincidence Col. Brown was a voted solidly against Cuban reciprocity at passenger on the train which struck Major the last session. They have had no reason O'Driscoll, but he was not aware that it was his friend who had been killed until so far to change their views. At the state convention an effort was made to bring the

told by a reporter for The Star this after-Major O'Driscoll was fifty-seven years of age, and has been engaged in the practice of law in this city for a number of years. He came from Cleveland, Ohio. During his

early days he practiced law with the late President McKinley. "How are we going to settle the Cuban question? Why, in the same way that we have settled the Porto Rican question. The deceased was a member of one of the Ohio regiments during the war of the rebellion and lost a left leg at the battle of Chancellorsville. He was a prominent member of the order of Knights of Pythias. The morgue wagon was sent to Lamond by the local authorities, and, in case it is deemed necessary, the body will be brought

#### to this city. TO SUCCEED CONATY.

Bishop Maes Spoken of for Head of Catholic University. Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

SPRINGFIELD, Ohio, September 8.-It has been stated in local Catholic circles that a change is anticipated in the rectorship of the Catholic University at Washington, D. C., and Bishop C. P. Maes of Covington and Rev. Morgan M. Sheedy are prominently mentioned for the position. Bishop Conaty, the present rector, will complete his second term shortly and will likely be transferred to one of the vacant

Bishop Maes has been for several years a member of the university board of trustees and at present holds the position of secretary of the board. The bishop is just returning from his Rome trip and is expected to arive at New York about September 15. It is likely that he bears some inter-esting news and will stop at Washington before returning to his diocese

#### Shooting Affair in Virginia Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

RICHMOND, Va., September 8.-At Meadowview, Washington county, today a shoot-Mr. Thompson favored the selection of Mr. Smith. ing took place between John Spriggs and

Will Prater, resulting in the fatal injuring of Spriggs and the death of Prater. Spriggs charged Prater with circulating scandal about his wife and began the fight. Five shots were exchanged at close range.

Spriggs was taken to his home. His physicians say that he will die. The fight took place in a storehouse occupied by J. A. Wilkinson.

Persons leaving the city for any period can have The Star mailed to them to any address in the United States or Canada, by ordering it at The Star office or at any Postal Telegraph office, all of which are branch offices of The Evening Star. Terms: 13 cents per week; 25 cents for two weeks, or 50 cents per month. IN-VARIABLY IN ADVANCE. The address may be changed as frequently as desired by giving the last address, as well as the new one.

THE STAR BY MAIL.

# TO ATTACK THE MOROS

General Sumner Ordered to March Against Them.

WILL EXACT PLEDGES

MOVEMENT TO BE MADE WITHIN A WEEK.

War Department Has Been Trying to Avoid Hostilities, if Possible-Gen. Chaffee's Latest Advices.

MANILA, September 8.-General Chaffee has ordered General Sumner, commanding the department of Mindanao, to lead a column against the Macin Moros. In his order General Chaffee suggests that eight companies of infantry, two troops of cavalry and one battery shall form at Camp Vicars, Island of Mindanao. It is expected that the column will move within a week, Most of the attacks upon the American forces have originated in the Macin country. This movement is to be directed against hostiles, several of whom are enumerated in General Chaffee's order. General Sumner is directed to require the hostiles to give a satisfactory pledge to refrain from aggression in the future. There are several Moro strongholds in the Macin country. It is not definitely known where the first opposition will be encountered. This will depend upon General Sumner's course after moving. General Sumner is directed

#### to protect the friendly natives. Gen. Chaffee's Dispatch.

The War Department is advised by cable from General Chaffee, dated Manila, P. L., September 6, 1902, of an attack on the troops at Matiling Falls, seven miles from Camp Vicars, by Moros, September 1. First Lieutenant William M. Parker, 11th Infantry, and two soldiers were wounded and one soldier killed. General Chaffee says he has authorized Brig. Gen. Samuel S. Sumner to move troops into the Macin country and exact promise of good behavior in fu-ture from the Datos and their followers, He says that troops have been attacked twelve times since May 2, with loss to us of four killed and twelve wounded. "We have remained," says General Chaffee, "all the time quiet, seeking friendship; in action, self-defense only.

self-defense only."

The last part of Gen. Chaffee's dispatch is evidently intended to inform the War Department that the army has been acting wholly upon the defensive in the Moro country. His instructions have been to do nothing which would provoke a conflict with the Moros. The position of the War Department is that if there is a general assault it must be justified by the aggressassault it must be justified by the siveness of the Moros. Some Chaffee asked for authority to immediately attack the Moros, but he was advised that the department wished to avoid hostilities if possible. At the same time it has long en the belief of some officials of the de

Mindanao is inevitable.

It is not at all improbable that a forward movement of the United States troops will made this winter if the Moros still refuse to acknowledge the sovereignty of the

### Riches of Mindanao.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 8 .- According to James Wilson, second assistant engineer of the transport Lawton, all that is needed is adequate legislation regulating land and mineral claims to make of the Island of Mindanao a rich field for the gold prospector, the coal miner and the producer of india rubber and gutta percha. Already, according to Wilson, who has spent a long time in the interior of the big Island, there happened. It is stated that there is a slight are Americans prospecting and preparing to develop the long latent possibilities of the possession. Wilson claims that the coal found there, some specimens of which he brought back with him, is much superior

### the orient.

Cholera is Spreading. "A bountiful downpour of rain is the only remedy which will check the cholera epi demic now raging in the Philippines," said Capt. E. H. Southall, a surgeon in the United States army, who has arrived here on the transport Buford. Captain Southall was for a time in charge of the cholera hospital in Manila. In speaking of the epidem-

ic, Captain Southall said:

"The Americans in the Philippines seem unable to cope with the cholera plague. Despite the rigorous methods used to suppress it the disease seems to spread and increase. When I left Manila the death rate was ninety a day. An equal number were stricken with the disease daily. Of course, there were a number of pueblos in the interior from which we never hear, and in these places the death rate was said to be enormous. It is very difficult to get correct figures of the mortality due to cholera, because the natives hide the dead and try to keep knowledge of the presence of the ease from the authorities.

#### BATTLE WITH DESPERADOES. Two of Them Killed and a Third One

Captured. KNOXVILLE, Tenn., September 8 .- A special to the Sentinel from Rogersville, Jim Wright and John Templeton, noted

Hancock county desperadoes, were killed and Wright's son was captured by a posse of twenty-five, headed by Joe Moss of Gate City, Va. In the engagement Wright shot and probably fatally wounded George Wolf of

Spears Ferry, Va., and Jack Rogers of Rogersville, both of whom were members of the pursuing posse.

Two fights occurred, and in the first, which began at 10 o'clock last night. Templeton was instantly killed and Wright's son was captured. Jim Wright, however, retreated to a nearby house, where he en-gaged the officers until daylight, when he was routed out and killed, as he could not be taken alive. Wright was an escaped convict from the Tennessee penitentlary, where he was serving a sentence for murder. Wright and Templeton are said to

### miles east of Rogersville. Moss had been hunting for Wright and Templeton for WHISTLER IN THE CHOIR.

The scene of action was about eighteen

have killed as many as six men each.

Innovation in South Congregational Church in Chicago. CHICAGO, Septembers.-The innovation

of a professional whistler in church has attracted to the vesper service of the South Congregational Church a crowd that filled every seat of the auditorium and overflowed into the vestibule. Carriages stopped on the boulevard and passers-by waited

outside the doors.

Three numbers were rendered. Rubenstein's "Voices From the Woods," Lassen's "The Loving Voice of Jesus" and "The